

CHEMICALS: REVEAL diluted 1:10

EQUIPMENT:

Personal Protective Equipment (goggles, gloves)
Wet Floor Signs
Dust Mop
Putty Knife
Clean Mop Bucket with Wringer

Clean Cotton Mop with handle
Autoscrubber
Cleaning Pads
Dust Pan & Broom

PROCEDURES:

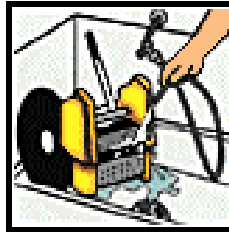
STEPS	KEY POINTS
<p>1. Assemble equipment. 2. Remove any free-standing objects from the floor. Vacuum the walk-off mats and set aside.</p>	<p>1. See above. 2. Place "Caution-Wet Floor" signs at the end of each area. Place walk-off mat at exit area.</p>
<p>3. Dust mop the entire floor. Remove any gum or other material with a putty knife.</p>	<p>3. Deposit in waste receptacle. Work towards the end of the aisle, pick up with dust pan & broom.</p>
<p>4. If the cleaner is not automatically dispensed, fill the solution tank of scrubber according to label directions with cool water.</p>	<p>4. Do not use hot water or damage to floor coating may occur. Wear appropriate safety equipment when handling chemicals.</p>
<p>5. For light soiling make one pass over the area with pads down, solution valve open and squeegee down.</p>	<p>5. Change the cleaning solution when it becomes heavily soiled if using a recycle system.</p>
<p>6. For heavy soiling, make one pass over the area with pads down, solution valve open and squeegee up. Make second pass with pads down, solution valve open and squeegee down.</p>	<p>6. Do not allow the surface to dry before picking up soiled cleaner solution. Vacuum can be left off on first pass.</p>

7. Use the clean rinse mophead and bucket, trail mop the area just scrubbed paying particular attention to low spots and areas missed by the scrubber.



7. Change rinse water when its becomes heavily soiled.

8. Clean all equipment. Return to its appropriate area. Remove wet floor signs.



8. Equipment in good clean working order improves the quality of the result.

9. Replace all moved furniture when floor is dry.

9. Return of moved items leaves job complete.